Questions

- 1. Where do badgers live? Tick one.
 - O nests
 - O setts
 - O caves
 - O dens
- 2. Draw **four** lines to match and complete the phrases.



- 3. Fill in the missing word.
 - ... gathering and collecting _____ meals

from plants and trees they like to steal.

- 4. Find and copy one word which shows the woodland has been wet.
- 5. How do the beetles move across the woodland?

6. ... or scavenging foxes on the prowl. What do you think the poet suggests about the foxes by the use of the word 'scavenging'?





7. Which creatures do you think could have left a silver trail on the woodland floor?

8. What other title could you give this poem? Why?



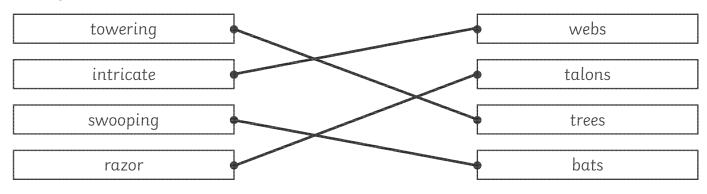
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Answers

- 1. Where do badgers live? Tick one.
 - O nests
 - ⊘ setts
 - O caves
 - O dens
- 2. Draw **four** lines to match and complete the phrases.



3. Fill in the missing word.

... gathering and collecting **magnificent** meals

from plants and trees they like to steal.

4. Find and copy one word which shows the woodland has been wet.

damp

5. How do the beetles move across the woodland?

The beetles scuttle across the woodland.

6. ... or scavenging foxes on the prowl. What do you think the poet suggests about the foxes by the use of the word 'scavenging'?

Pupils' own responses, such as: I think the poet suggests that the foxes are hungry and looking for food by the use of the word 'scavenging'.

7. Which creatures do you think could have left a silver trail on the woodland floor?

Pupils' own responses, such as: I think snails and slugs could have left a silver trail on the woodland floor.



8. What other title could you give this poem? Why?

Pupils' own responses, such as: I would call this poem 'The Woodland Welcomes All' because it repeats this phrase in the poem and I think it summarises how there are many different types of woodland creatures.





Questions

1. ... extending their razor talons...

What do you think the poet means by the word 'razor'? Tick one.

- O blunt
- O smooth
- O sharp
- O bumpy

3.

2. Number the events from 1-4 to show the order that they occur in the poem.

	Squirrels gather their meals. There are beetles scuttling.	
	There are silver trails on the woodland floor. There are bats flying.	
Fill in the missing word.		

Spiders weave _____, a beautiful sight:

intricate webs glittering in the sunlight.

- 4. Name **two** creatures in the poem that are awake during the night.
 - .
- 5. Find and copy one word which means the same as 'to climb over something quickly'.
- 6. ... this is when many animals thrive. What do you think the poet means by the use of the word 'thrive'?





7. Summarise what the poem is about in 30 words or fewer.

8. Striped badgers emerge from their underground setts, away from daytime and human threats. What do you think the 'human threats' may be?

9. Predict what other animals you might see in the woodland.





Answers

1. ... extending their razor talons...

What do you think the poet means by the word 'razor'? Tick one.

- O blunt
- O smooth
- 🖉 sharp
- O bumpy
- 2. Number the events from 1-4 to show the order that they occur in the poem.
 - **2** Squirrels gather their meals.
 - 1 There are beetles scuttling.
 - **3** There are silver trails on the woodland floor.
 - **4** There are bats flying.
- 3. Fill in the missing word.

Spiders weave **delicately**, a beautiful sight:

intricate webs glittering in the sunlight.

4. Name **two** creatures in the poem that are awake during the night.

Accept any two of the following: badgers; hedgehogs; bats; barn owls; rodents.

- Find and copy one word which means the same as 'to climb over something quickly'.
 scramble
- 6. ... this is when many animals thrive. What do you think the poet means by the use of the word 'thrive'?

Pupils' own responses, such as: I think the poet means that the animals are flourishing by the use of the word 'thrive'. I think that the animals will be alert and active.

7. Summarise what the poem is about in 30 words or fewer.

The poem is about creatures that live in the woodland. First, the poem focuses on creatures that are awake during the day and then animals that are up during night.





8. Striped badgers emerge from their underground setts, away from daytime and human threats. What do you think the 'human threats' may be?

Pupils' own responses, such as: I think that the 'human threats' may be humans disturbing where the badgers live or people hunting them.

9. Predict what other animals you might see in the woodland.

Pupils' own responses, such as: I think that you might see woodpeckers, deer and skunks in the woodland.



Questions

1. ... intricate webs glittering in the sunlight.

What do you think the poet means by the word 'intricate'? Tick one.

- O bare
- O thin
- O complicated
- O dusty
- 2. Number the events from 1-4 to show the order that they occur in the poem.
 - The woodland becomes dark.
 - There are silver trails.
 - There are towering trees.
 - Hedgehogs shuffle.
- 3. Fill in the missing words.

Scuttling	to	hooting	owls
-----------	----	---------	------

or ______ foxes on the prowl.

- 4. How do the barn owls catch the rodents?
- 5. Find and copy one word which means the same as 'come out of' or 'move away from something'.
- 6. Screeches, squawks, a melange of cries...
 What do you think the poet means by the use of the word 'melange'?





7. Why do you think the beginning and end of the poem are the same?

8. Compare how two creatures move differently.

9. Predict what other types of insects you may see in the woodland.

10. What impressions do you get of the woodland?Give two impressions, using evidence from the text to support your answer.

Impression	Evidence





Answers

1. ... intricate webs glittering in the sunlight.

What do you think the poet means by the word 'intricate'? Tick one.

- O bare
- O thin
- ⊘ complicated
- O dusty
- 2. Number the events from 1-4 to show the order that they occur in the poem.
 - **3** The woodland becomes dark.
 - **2** There are silver trails.
 - 1 There are towering trees.
 - 4 Hedgehogs shuffle.
- 3. Fill in the missing words.

Scuttling **beetles** to hooting owls

or scavenging foxes on the prowl.

4. How do the barn owls catch the rodents?

The barn owls catch the rodents by extending their talons.

5. Find and copy one word which means the same as 'come out of' or 'move away from something'.

emerge

6. Screeches, squawks, a melange of cries...
What do you think the poet means by the use of the word 'melange'?

Pupils' own responses, such as: I think the poet means a mixture or combination by the use of the word 'melange'.

7. Why do you think the beginning and end of the poem are the same?

Pupils' own responses, such as: I think the beginning and end of the poem are the same because it emphasises how many different types of creatures can be found in the woodland.





8. Compare how two creatures move differently.

Pupils' own responses, such as: Bats fly and swoop around the woodland sky whereas squirrels leap and scramble which suggests they climb quickly up and across trees.

9. Predict what other types of insects you may see in the woodland.

Pupils' own responses, such as: I think you might see dragonflies, moths and butterflies in the woodland.

10. What impressions do you get of the woodland?Give two impressions, using evidence from the text to support your answer.

Acceptable points (impressions)	Likely Evidence
1. It is noisy.	 There are screeches and squawks.
	• There are hooting owls.
	• There are beetles scuttling.
	• There are rodents scurrying.
	 There are a mixture of cries echoing across the woodland.
 It is diverse/there are lots of different species. 	 There are a range of different animals, such as beetles and foxes.
	• There are small creatures and bigger animals.
3. It is busy.	 There are lots of different animals moving around, such as hedgehogs shuffling and foxes on the prowl.
4. There are different food chains.	Squirrels are taking food from plants and trees.Owls are preying on rodents.
5. It is sometimes sunny during the day.	 The sunlight is glittering on the spiderwebs.
6. It is dark at night.	 'When darkness descends'
 It has been wet / it has rained. 	• The floor is described as 'damp'.

Award 3 marks for two acceptable points, at least one with evidence.

Award 2 marks for either two acceptable points, or one acceptable point with evidence.

Award 1 mark for one acceptable point.

